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Code No: R1641033

IV B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, July/Aug - 2021 **FINITE ELEMENT METHODS**

(Common to Mechanical Engineering and Automobile Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A Answer any FOUR questions from Part-B *****

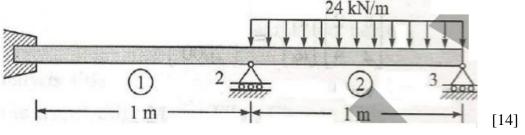
PART–A(14 Marks)

1.	a)	Define Weighted- Residual method.	[2]
	b)	What is meant by discretization?	[3]
	c)	Write the hermite shape functions of a two node beam element.	[3]
	d)	What is axisymmetric analysis?	[2]
	e)	What are higher order elements? Give examples.	[2]
	f)	What is consistent mass matrix? Write the consistent mass matrix of a 2 node bar	[2]
		element.	

$\underline{PART} - \underline{B}(4x14 = 56 Marks)$

2.	a)	Consider a simple one dimension structure with three elements, explain the	
		process of stiffness matrix and load vector assembly.	[9]
		Explain plane stress and plane strain conditions with examples.	[5]
3.	a)	Discuss about the types of elements used in domain discretization.	[6]
	b)	Write the properties of stiffness matrix.	[3]
	c)	Write the convergence requirements.	[5]

For the beam shown in Figure below, determine the following: i) Slopes at nodes 4. 2 and 3. ii) Vertical deflection at the mid-point of the distributed load. Consider all the elements have E=200GPa, $I=5X10^6$ mm⁴



R16

Set No. 1

0.2 w/cm

R16

Set No. 1

5. Derive the strain displacement matrix of a constant strain triangle element [14] a) Derive the shape functions of 4 node Isoparametric element. [7] 6. b) Explain the use of numerical integration in Fem. Discuss about two point gauss quadrature method. [7] 7. Determine the temperature distribution in a fin of circular cross-section shown in [14] fig. Base of the fin in maintained at 100° C and tip of the fin is insulated. Thermal conductivity $K=2w/cm^{0}C$, Convective heat transfer co-efficient $h=0.2w/cm^{2}$, $Ø_f = 20^{\circ}C$ (fluid temperature) and Diameter of the fin=1cm. Consider 3 elements. \$ = 100°C h, \$+ K=2W/cme X

8 cm

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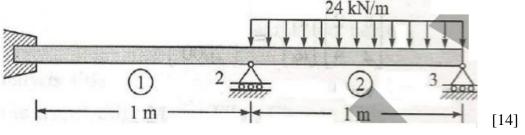
PART–A(14 Marks)

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	c)	Write the hermite shape functions of a two node beam element.	[3]
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	e)	What are higher order elements? Give examples.	[2]
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$\underline{PART} - \underline{B}(4x14 = 56 Marks)$

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R16

Set No. 1

0.2 w/cm

R16

Set No. 1

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8 cm

IV B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supple Examinations, March - 2021 FINITE ELEMENT METHODS

(Common to Mechanical Engineering and Automobile Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

[5]

Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A Answer any FOUR questions from Part-B *****

PART-A (14 Marks)

1.	a)	What is plane stress? Give example.	[3]
	b)	Define banded matrix. What is half band width?	[2]
	c)	Write the hermite shape functions of 2 Node beam element.	[2]
	d)	Write the advantages of axisymmetric formulation.	[3]
	e)	Write the shape functions of 1D cubic element.	[2]
	f)	What is dynamic analysis?	[2]
		$\underline{\mathbf{PART}}_{\mathbf{B}} (4x14 = 56 Marks)$	
2.	a)	Apply the principle Rayleigh-Ritz method and evaluate the approximate	[9]
		deflection of a fixed beam of length 'L' subjected to a point load ' p ' at the	
		center of the span.	

b) Explain the basic steps of FEM.

3. a) Consider a simple one dimension structure with three elements, explain the [7] process of stiffness matrix and load vector assembly.

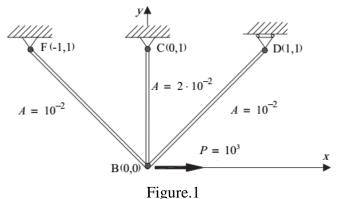
b) Write the conditions for selection of interpolation function. Explain about [7] Pascal triangle.

4. Given the three-bar structure subjected to the prescribed load at point D equal to [14] 10^3 N as shown in Figure.1. The Young's modulus is $E = 10^{11}$ N/m², the cross-sectional area of the bar BC is 2 x 10^{-2} m² and that of BD and BF is 10^{-2} m². Note that the point D is free to move in the x-direction. Coordinates of joints are given in meters.

i) Construct the global stiffness matrix and load matrix.

ii) Solve for the unknown displacements at point B and displacement in the x-direction at point D.

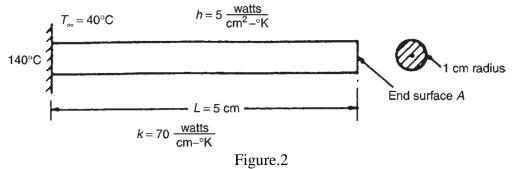
iii) Find the stresses in the three bars.



R16

Set No. 1

- 5. a) Derive the strain displacement matrix of a 2D three node axisymmetric element. [10]
 b) Write a short note on CST and LST elements. [4]
- 6. a) Derive and plot the shape functions of four node quadrilateral element. [8]
 b) Evaluate the integrals x² + Cos(x/2) between the limits -1 and +1 using [6] Three - point Gaussian quadrature. Compare the result with the result of exact solution.
- 7. Find the temperature distribution in the fin shown in Figure.2 by including the [14] effect of convection from the end surface A. Consider three elements.



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IV B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supple Examinations, March - 2021

FINITE ELEMENT METHODS

(Common to Mechanical Engineering and Automobile Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

1

Max. Marks: 70

Set No. 2

Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A Answer any FOUR questions from Part-B *****

PART-A (14 Marks)

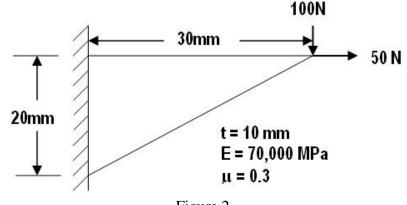
- 1. a) What is plane strain? Give example. Write a short note on Node numbering. b)
 - c) Differentiate between truss and beam.
 - d) Why three node 2D Triangular element called CST element.
 - e) Write the shape functions of 1D quadratic element.
 - What is lumped mass matrix? f)

PART–B (4x14 = 56 Marks)

Evaluate the displacements and reactions at the supports for the loaded structure [10] 2. a) given in figure.1.

Figure.1

- Explain the concept of minimum potential energy. b)
- 3. a) Explain Penalty approach for the treatment of boundary conditions. [8]
 - b) Discuss about element shapes and discretization procedures of FEM. [6]
- 4. Derive the expression for stiffness matrix and load vector for UDL case of two node [14] beam element.
- For the triangular plate shown in figure.2, determine the deflection at the point of 5. [14] load application and also stress induced in the plate using a one element model by considering it as plane stress problem.





||"|"|"|"||

- [4]

[3]

[2]

[2]

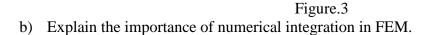
[3]

[2]

[2]

6. a) Evaluate the jacobian matrix for the isoparametric quadrilateral element shown in [9] figure.3

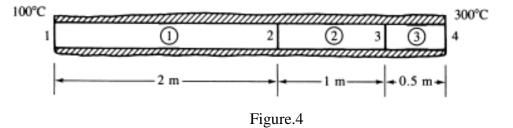
(2.5,1.5)



(1,0)

7. a) For the one-dimensional composite bar shown in Figure.4, determine the interface [10] temperatures. For element 1, K_{xx} = 150 W/m ⁰C, for element 2, K_{xx} = 100 W/m ⁰C; and for element 3, K_{xx} = 50 W/m ⁰C. Let A = 0.1 m². The left end has a constant temperature of 100 ⁰C and the right end has a constant temperature of 300 ⁰C.

(2,0)



b) Explain about free vibration analysis.

||"|"|"|"||

Set No. 2

[4]

R16

Set No. 3

IV B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supple Examinations, March - 2021

FINITE ELEMENT METHODS

(Common to Mechanical Engineering and Automobile Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

1

Code No: **R1641033**

Max. Marks: 70

[4]

Question paper consists of Part-A and Part-B Answer ALL sub questions from Part-A Answer any FOUR questions from Part-B *****

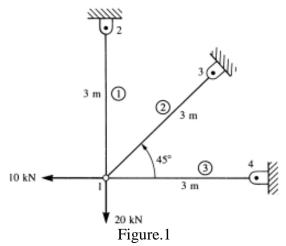
PART-A (14 Marks)

a)	Write the applications of FEM.	[3]
b)	What are local and global coordinates?	[2]
c)	Write the load vectors for UDL and concentrated load at the center for 2 Node	[2]
	beam element.	
d)	Under what conditions a problem can be treated as axisymmetric?	[3]
e)	Write the stress strain relation for 2D plane stress case.	[2]
f)	What is steady state heat transfer?	[2]
	$\underline{\mathbf{PART}}_{\mathbf{B}} (4x14 = 56 Marks)$	

2. a) A cantilever beam of span L is subjected to a point load P at the free end. [10] Derive the expression for deflection at the free end using Rayleigh Ritz method Take trail function as

$$y = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2 + a_3 x^3$$

- b) What is Weighted residual method? Explain any one Weighted residual method. [4]
- 3. a) Explain elimination approach for the treatment of boundary conditions. [10]
 - b) Write the convergence requirements.
- 4. a) For the plane trusses shown in the figure.1, determine the horizontal and [14] vertical displacements of node 1 and the stresses in each element. All elements have E=210 GPa and $A=4.0 \times 10^{-4} m^2$.

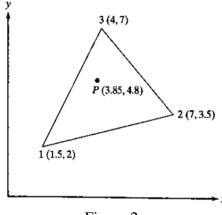


1 of 2

5. a) Derive the shape functions of a triangle using area coordinates. [9]

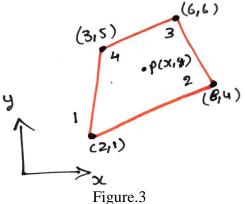
Evaluate the shape functions N_1 , N_2 & N_3 at the interior point P for the b) [5] triangular element shown in figure.2.

R16





For the isometric element shown in figure.3, the global coordinates of point P [9] 6. a) are (6,4). The loads 10 kN and 12 kN are acting in x and y directions on point P. Evaluate the nodal equivalent forces.



Discuss about numerical integration with an example. b)

- Evaluate the natural frequencies of a beam clamped at both ends. Consider two 7. [14] finite elements for evaluation. Given the Moment of Inertia 100 mm⁴, Length of the beam is 2000 mm, $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$, Density = 7000 kg/m³.

Code No: R1641033

Set No. 3

[5]

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PART-A (14 Marks)

1.	a)	Write the shape functions of 2 node 1D bar element. Plot the shape functions.	[3]
	b)	What is geometric isotropy?	[2]
	c)	Write the stiffness matrix of 2 node plane truss element.	[2]
	d)	What are area coordinates?	[3]
	e)	What is a LST element?	[2]
	f)	What does eigen values and eigen vectors represent in free vibration analysis?	[2]
		$\underline{\mathbf{PART}}_{\mathbf{B}} (4x14 = 56 Marks)$	
2.	a)	In the figure.1 shown, a load $P = 60 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$ is applied. Determine the	[8]
		displacement field, stress and support reactions in the body. Take $E = 20 \times 10^3$	
		N/mm ² .	

 250 mm^2 $\xrightarrow{250 \text{ mm}^2} P B' \qquad B' \qquad B \rightarrow X$ $\xrightarrow{Figure.1}$

b) Explain about the following with an examplei) Collocation method ii) Least square method.

- 3. a) What is domain discretization? Discuss about element shapes and discretization [8] procedures.
 - b) Explain about Mesh generation and node numbering.
- 4. A Beam of length 10 m as shown in the figure.2 is subjected to a moment of [14] 50000 Nm (Clockwise) at the midpoint. Assuming two elements, evaluate the displacement. Take E = 200 GPa, The left half of the beam is of rectangular cross section of width 300 mm and depth 200 mm. The moment of inertia of right half of the beam is twice that of left side.

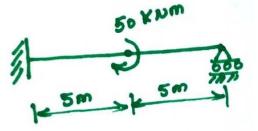


Figure.2

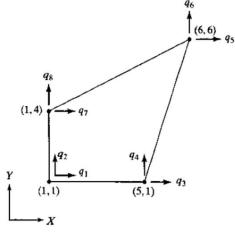


[6]

[6]

Set No. 4

- 5. Derive the Strain displacement matrix and the expression for stiffness of a CST [14] element.
- 6. a) A four node quadrilateral is shown in the figure.3. The (x,y) coordinates of each [10] node are given. The element displacement vector Q is given as
 O [0 0 0 2 0 0 15 0 1 0 0 05]^T Find the following
 - $Q=[0, 0, 0.2, 0, 0.15, 0.1, 0, 0.05]^{T}$. Find the following.
 - i) The x, y coordinates of point P whose location in the master element is given by $\xi = 0.5$ and $\eta = 0.5$.
 - ii) The *u*, *v* displacement of the point P.

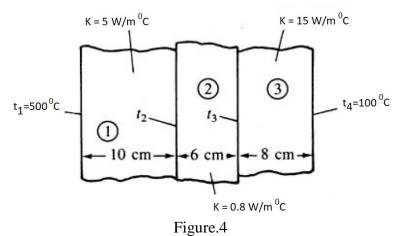




b) Evaluate the given integral using Gauss quadrature method and compare with [4] exact solution.

$$\int_{2}^{4} (3x^2 + 2x + 5) \, dx$$

7. a) For the composite wall shown in figure.4, determine the interface temperatures [10] considering three elements.



b) Derive the consistent mass matrix of 2 node bar element. [4]